

# AMBERLITE® IR120 Na

Strong Acid Cation Exchanger

## PRODUCT DATA SHEET

AMBERLITE IR120 Na is a gel type strongly acidic cation exchange resin of the sulphonated polystyrene type. It is used for water softening (in Na+ form) as well as for water demineralization (in

H<sup>+</sup> form) in co-flow regenerated units. Its principal characteristics are excellent physical, chemical and thermal stability, good ion exchange kinetics and high exchange capacity.

PROPERTIES	
Matrix	Styrene divinylbenzene copolymer
Functional groups	
Physical form	
Ionic form, as shipped	
Total exchange capacity	2.0 meq/ml minimum (Na <sup>+</sup> form)
Moisture holding capacity	45 to 50% (Na <sup>+</sup> form)
Shipping weight	$_{\text{\_\_\_}}$ 52 lbs/ft <sup>3</sup>
Harmonic mean size	0.60 to 0.80 mm
Uniformity coefficient	1.9 maximum
Screen Grading (wet)	16 to 50 mesh (US Std Screens)
Screen Analysis	3 % maximum on 16 mesh (US Std Screens)
	$2~\%$ maximum thru $50~\mathrm{mesh}$ (US Std Screens)
Maximum reversible swelling	Na <sup>+</sup> $\rightarrow$ H <sup>+</sup> : approximately 10%

# SUGGESTED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Test methods are available on request.

pH Range Maximum Operating Tempeature Minimum Bed Depth Service Flow Rate	0  to  14 250  °F 24  inches $2 \text{ gpm/ft}^3$		
Regenerants (100 % basis)	HCl	$H_2SO_4$	NaCl
Flow Rate (gpm/ft³) Concentration (%) Level (lbs/ft³) Minimum Contact Time Rinse Flow Rate	0.5 to 1.0 4 to 10 2 to 8 20 minutes 1 gpm/ft <sup>3</sup> ini 25 to 75 gal/f	5 to 10	
Rinse Requirements	25 to 75 gai/1	l.	

#### PERFORMANCE

The operating capacity depends on several factors, such as the water analysis and the level of regeneration. The data to calculate the operating capacity and the ionic leakage with co-flow regeneration are given in the AMBERLITE IR120 Na Engineering Data Sheets.

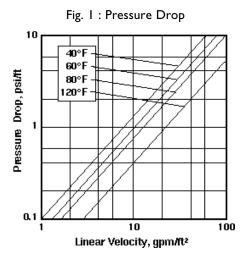
#### LIMITS OF USE

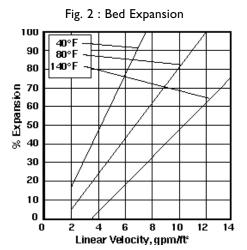
AMBERLITE IR120 Na is suitable for industrial used. For other specific applications such as pharmaceutical, food processing or potable water applications, it is recommended that all potential users seek advice from Rohm and Haas Company in

order to determine the best resin choice and optimum operating conditions.

### HYDRAULIC CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1 shows the pressure drop data for AMBERLITE IR120 Na, as a function of service flow rate and water temperature. Pressure drop data are valid at the start of the service run with clear water and a correctly classified bed. Figure 2 shows the bed expansion of AMBERLITE IR120 Na, as a function of backwash flow rate and water temperature.





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Ion exchange resins and polymeric adsorbents, as produced, contain by-products resulting from the manufacturing process. The user must determine the extent to which organic by-products must be removed for any particular use and establish techniques to assure that the appropriate level of purity is achieved for that use. The user must ensure compliance with all prudent safety standards and regulatory requirements governing the application. Except where specifically otherwise stated, Rohm and Haas Company does not recommend its ion exchange resins or polymeric adsorbents, as supplied, as being suitable or appropriately pure for any particular use. Consult your Rohm and Haas technical representative for further information. Acidic and basic regenerant solutions are corrosive and should be handled in a manner that will prevent eye and skin contact. Nitric acid and other strong oxidising agents can cause explosive type reactions when mixed with Ion Exchange resins. Proper design of process equipment to prevent rapid buildup of pressure is necessary if use of an oxidising agent such as nitric acid is contemplated. Before using strong oxidising agents in contact with Ion Exchange Resins, consult sources knowledgeable in the handling of these materials.

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